

# M/S RAMESH ASHWIN & KARANTH

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Reg. No : 010680S Partners Ramesh B N (M.No : 015170) Mob:9448468958 Ashwin B R (M.No : 214199) Mob: 9886415958 Prashanth Karanth (M.No: 214235) Mob: 9886282946

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Jana Urban Space foundation (India)

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements ("the financial statements") of Jana Urban Space foundation (India) ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021, and the statement of Profit and Loss, and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements gives the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021, the profit, and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.



If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We have also:

- Identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtained audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
  internal control.
- Obtained an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.



- Evaluated the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting
  estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Concluded on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting
  and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events
  or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going
  concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our
  auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are
  inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to
  the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to
  cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluated the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events
  in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We had communicated with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we have identified during our audit.

We also provided those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- This report does not include a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 of the Companies (Auditors' report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Sec 143(11) of the Act, as the company is licensed to operate under Section 8 of the said Act.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) in our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) the balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss and the cash flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
- (e) on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;



- (f) with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- The Company doesn't have any Pending litigations as on Balance Sheet date other than those stated in notes forming part of financial statements.
- ii. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses.
- iii. The Company is not required to transfer any amounts to the investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Ramesh Ashwin & Karanth Chartered Accountants Firm's registration number: 0106805

rashantn Karanth

Membership number: 214235

Partner

Place: Bangalore Date: 03 - Nov - 2021 Jana Urban Space Foundation (India) No.87, Centrum Building, 3rd Floor, Infantry Road, Shivajinagar, Bangalore - 560001 (Registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013) (A Company limited by guarantee) CIN - U70106KA2008NPL047236

# Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2021

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	Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
A	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		And a state of the second second	Think the second constraints
1	Shareholder's funds			
(a	) Share capital	3		
(b	) Reserves and surplus	4	38,351,254	-
	X. A. A. S. M. S. M. S. M. M. M. S. M. M. M. S. M.		38,351,254	38,279,067
2	Non-current liabilities		50,551,254	38,279,067
(a)	Long-term provisions	5	296,682	217,770
			296,682	217,770
1. June 1.	Current liabilities			
(a)		6	81,555	138,675
(b)	A STATE OF A STATE AND A STATE	7	3,137,871	4,545,014
(c)	Short-term provisions	8	145,098	233,875
			3,364,524	4,917,564
	TOTAL		42,012,460	43,414,401
3	ASSETS			
	Non-current assets			
(a)	Fixed assets			
	i. Property, plant and equipment	9	577,099	720,665
(b)	Long-term loans and advances	10	3,858,400	3,858,400
(c)	Deferred tax asset/(Liability) (Net)	23	157,848	207,463
	Current assets		4,593,348	4,786,528
(a)	Trade receivables	1		
(a) (b)	Cash and cash equivalents	11	4,445,530	3,018,631
(c)	Short-term loans and advances	12	29,362,573	31,776,162
(d)	Other current assets	13	798,050	125,000
(0)	other current assets	14	2,812,960	3,708,079
			37,419,112	38,627,873
	TOTAL		42,012,460	43,414,401

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached For Ramesh Ashwin & Baranth Chartered Accountants Reg. No.:0106805

For and on Behalf of the Board of Director

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Prashanth Karanth Partner

M. No.: 214235

Place: Bangalore Date: 03 - Nov - 2021

Swati Ramanathan Director DIN:01747523

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Krishnan Koman Nayar Director DIN:07403841 oun

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Jana Urban Space Foundation (India) No.87, Centrum Building, 3rd Floor, Infantry Road, Shivajinagar, Bangalore - 560001 (Registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013) (A Company limited by guarantee)

CIN - U70106KA2008NPL047236

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2021

(Amount in Rs)

- here	Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
1	Revenue from operations	15	19,509,182	27,947,510
2	Other income	16	3,827,400	2,933,853
3	Total revenue		23,336,582	30,881,363
4	Expenses			30,001,303
	(a) Employee benefits expense	17	7,601,006	7,828,244
	(b) Finance cost	18	263,340	16,050
	(c) Depreciation & amortization expenses	9	213,492	418,710
	(d) Other expenses	19	15,029,501	13,170,030
5	Total expenses		23,107,339	21,433,033
6	Profit/(Loss) before tax (3 - 5)	14 S. T. 6	229,243	9,448,330
7	Tax expenses			
	(a) Current tax expense		24,161	2,330,259
	(b) Deferred tax expense/(credit)	23	49,615	44,910
			73,776	2,375,169
B	Profit/(Loss) for the year (6 - 7)		155,467	7,073,161

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

F.R. No 0106805

In terms of our report attached For Ramesh Ashwin & Karlanth Chartered Accountants Reg. No.:0106805

Prashanth Karant

M. No.: 214235

Place: Bangalore

Date: 03 - Nov - 2021

Partner

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors

Swati Ramanathan Director DIN:01747523

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Kristinan Koman Nayar Directar DIN:07403841 Jana Urban Space Foundation (India) No.87, Centrum Building, 3rd Floor, Infantry Road, Shivajinagar, Bangalore - 560001 (Registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013) (A Company limited by guarantee) CIN - U70106KA2008NPL047236

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March 2021

	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
A.	Cash flow from operating activities	indication is cultar	march 31, 2020
	Net Profit /(loss) before tax	229,243	0 449 33
	Add: Deprectation	213,492	9,448,33 418,71
	Less: Interest on Fixed Deposits	(2,010,785)	(2,132.03
	Operating profit before working capital changes	(1,568,050)	7,735,000
	(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables	14 172 0001	
	(Increase) / Decrease in Loans and advances	(1,426,899)	(1,232,26
	(Increase) / Decrease in other current assets	(673,050)	(25,00
	Increase/(Decrease) in short-term provisions	811,840	1,136,42
	Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables	(88,777)	(89,795
	Increase/(Decrease) in long term liability	(57,120)	138,67
- 1	Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	78,912	(38,086
	Net change in working capital	(1,407,143)	326,919
		(2,762,237)	216,871
	Cash generated from operations	(4,330,287)	7,951,877
	Income tax paid	(24,161)	(2,330,259
	Net cash from / (used in) operating activities (A)	(4,354,448)	5,621,618
5.	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Fixed assets purchased	(69,926)	(107,134
	(Investment)/Withdrawal in fixed deposits (net)	9,085,459	(5,799,690
	Interest on fixed deposits	2,010,785	2,132,034
	Net cash from / (used in) investing activities (B)	11,026,318	(3,774,790
	Cash flow from financing activities		+
	Net cash from / (used in) financing activities ( C )		
	Net Increase/(Decrease) In cash and cash equivalents		a first start
1000	during the year (A+B+C)	6,671,870	1,846,828
100	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	4,217,889	2,371,062
1	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Refer Note 12)	10,889,759	4,217,889
	Spropertitation of Fact and a large state		The second second
	Reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents with the Balance Sheet:		
	Cash and bank balances as per Note 12	29,362,573	31,776,162
1	ess: Bank balances not considered as cash and cash equivalents		
	- In fixed deposit with original maturity more than 3 months	18,472,814	27,558,273
1	ash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	10,889,759	4,217,889

in terms of our report attached

For Ramesh Ashwirt & Karapen Chartered Accountants Reg. No.:010680\$

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors

Prashanch Karanth Partner

M. No.: 214235

Place: Bangalore Date: 03-Nov - 2021 Swati Ramanathan Director DIN:01747523

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Krishnan Koman Nayar Director DIN:07403841

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(Registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013) (A Company limited by guarantee)

#### Notes forming part of the financial statements

Note 1

#### Corporate information

Jana Urban Space Foundation (India), (the Company), a non-profit making Company, within the meaning of section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), was incorporated on July 21, 2008 having its registered office at No 87, Centrum Building, Infantry Road Shivaji Nagar, Bangalore-560001.

The primary objects of the Company are:

(i) providing spatial plans for regional, municipal and neighbourhood levels,

(II) providing integrated design and implementation solutions for projects to improve urban design of public spaces such as roads, junctions, transport hubs, rural produce distribution markets etc.

#### Note 2

#### Significant Accounting Policies

#### 2.1 Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) to comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, as amended ("Accounting Standards"). The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year.

The Company is a Small and Medium Sized Company (SMC) as defined in the General Instructions in respect of Accounting Standards. Accordingly, the Company has complied with the Accounting Standards as applicable to a SMC.

#### 2.2 Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known / materialise.

#### 2.3 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

#### 2.4 Fixed assets and depreciation

#### i. Property, plant and equipment:

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Costs directly attributable to acquisition are capitalized until the property, plant and equipment are ready for use, as intended by management.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of Property, plant and equipment's are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.





(Registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013) (A Company limited by guarantee)

## Notes forming part of the financial statements

#### ii. Intangible Fixed Assets:

Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. The cost of an intangible asset comprises its purchase price, including any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the taxing authorities) and any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use and net of any trade discounts and rebates. Subsequent expenditure on an intangible asset after its purchase / completion is recognized as an expense when incurred, unless it is probable that such expenditure will enable the asset to generate future economic benefits in excess of its originally assessed standards of performance and such expenditure can be measured and attributed to the asset reliably, in which case such expenditure is added to the cost of the asset. iii. Depreciation and Amortization:

Depreciation on Fixed Assets has been provided on the Written down value method as prescribed in Schedule II of Companies Act 2013 or the rates determined by the management as per estimated useful life of the Assets, whichever is

higher. All Individual Assets valued less than Rs. 5000/- are depreciated in full in the year of acquisition.

#### 2.5 Revenue recognition

a) Revenue from services is recognized on rendering of services as per the terms of the contract.

b) Interest income is recognized on accrual basis.

c) Rental income from properties leased under operating lease is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Rent income is recognized in accordance with the terms of rent agreements entered into with the respective parties.

#### 2.6 Employee benefits

Employee benefits include provident fund, employee state insurance scheme, gratuity and compensated absences.

#### (i) Short-term employee benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised during the year when the employees render the service. These benefits include performance incentive and compensated absences which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service.

#### (ii) Post-employment obligations

#### Defined contribution plans

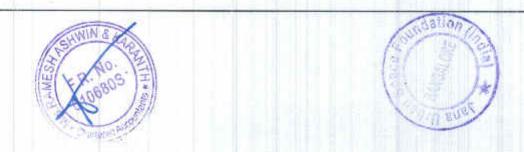
The Company's contribution to provident fund and employee state insurance scheme are considered as defined contribution plans and are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employees. The company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

#### Defined benefit plans

For defined benefit plans in the form of gratuity fund, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they occur. Past service cost is recognised immediately to the extent that the benefits are already vested and otherwise is amortised on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested. The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the Balance Sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognised past service cost. The gratuity liability is unfunded.

#### (iii) Other defined contribution plan

The Company's contribution to employee state insurance scheme is charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.



(Registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013) (A Company limited by guarantee)

## Notes forming part of the financial statements

## 2.7 Taxes on income

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and other applicable tax laws.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognized as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is highly probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.

Deferred tax is recognized on timing differences, being the differences between the taxable income and the accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all timing differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for timing differences of items other than unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward losses only to the extent that reasonable certainty exists that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which these can be realized. However, if there are unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward of capital losses, deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that there will be sufficient future taxable income available to realize the assets. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if such items relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing tax laws and the Company has a legally enforceable right for such set off. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for their realisability.

#### 2.8 Provisions and contingencies

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which reliable estimate can be made. Provisions (excluding retirement benefits) are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balances sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized and, if any, are adequately disclosed in the notes to accounts.

Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements since they may result in the recognition of income that may never be realized.

#### 2.9 Accounting for lease

Assets taken as leases on non-cancellable basis, where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Operating Lease rentals are charged/credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss on accrual basis.

#### 2.10 Impairment of Assets

The carrying values of assets / cash generating units at each Balance Sheet date are reviewed for impairment. If any indication of impairment exists, the recoverable amount of such assets is estimated and impairment is recognized, if the carrying amount of these assets exceeds their recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor. When there is indication that an impairment loss recognized for an asset in earlier accounting periods no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except in case of revalued assets.

#### 2.11 Foreign Currency Transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the rate of exchange prevailing, on the date of the transaction. Outstanding foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are restated at year end rates. Gains/Losses arising on restatement / settlement are adjusted to the Statement of profit and loss as applicable.

Jana Urban Space Foundation (India) (Registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013)		
(A Company limited by guarantee)		
Notes forming part of the financial statements		
Note 3		
Share capital:		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 202
Refer Note below	-	
The Company is limited by guarantee and each member undertakes to con Company being wound up while he is a member or within one year afte Association of the Company. Note 4 Reserves and surplus:	tribute to the assets of the Con rwards, upto Rs. 1,000 as state	ed in the Memorandum (
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	(Amount in Rs) As at March 31, 2020
Surplus In Statement of Profit and Loss	- AS &C MELCH 21, 2021	AS INCOMEND 317 20402
Opening balance	38,279,067	31,205,90
Add: Profit/ (Loss) for the year	155,467	7,073,16
Less: Adjustments during the year ( Refer Note below)	(83,280)	
Total	38,351,254	38,279,067
Note 5 Long-term provisions:		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars Provision for employee benefit:	As at March 11, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Provision for gratuity (net) (Refer Note 21)	296,682	217,770
Total	296,682	217,770
Note 6		
Trade payables:		(Amount in Rs
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
<ul> <li>(a) Trade Payables other than acceptances</li> <li>(f) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (Refer Note 25)</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>(II) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises</li> </ul>	81,555	138,675
Total	81,555	138,675
Note 7		
Other current liabilities: Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	(Amount in Rs As at March 31, 2020
Dther Payables	ACT IN ANTICELL STATE AND A	14 HE MILLI 319 2020
Statutory Remittances Salary payable	637,871	151,098 393,916
Deferred Grant	2,500,000	4,000,000
Total	3,137,871	4,545,014
Note 8		
Short-term provisions:	a second second	(Amount in Rs
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Others:		20.0
Provision for expenses	145.098	233,875
	145,098	233,875



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Jana Urban Space Foundation (India)		
(Registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013) (A Company (Imited by guarantee)		
Notes forming part of the financial statements		
Note 10	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Long-term loans and advances:		(Amount in R
Particulars	- As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Lease deposit	3,858,400	3,858,400
Total	3,858,400	3,858,400
Note 11		
Trade Receivables:		(Amount in R
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Trade receivables outstanding for a period less than six months from the date they are due for payment		
and the part of particular		
Secured, considered good		
Unsecured, considered good	4,445,530	3,018,63
Unsecured, considered doubtful		
Trade receivables outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the		
date they are due for payment		
Secured, considered good		
Unsecured, considered good		
Unsecured, considered coubtful		
20 Millio (1977) Martin Walaya a Manazimia.	2 446 896	2.040.42
Total	4,445,530	3,018,63
Note 12		
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		(Amount in R
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 1020
Cash In Hand	10,821	10,584
general contractions		
Balances with banks Vin current accounts	10,878,938	4,207,70
-In other deposit accounts	18,472,814	27,558,27
	29,362,573	31,776,167
Of the above, the balances that meet the definition of Cash and cash	and the second se	
equivalents as per AS 3 Cash Flow Statements:	10,889,759	4,217,88
Note 13		
Short term Loans and advances:		(Amount in R
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated:		
Bid deposits	798,050	125,00
Total	798,050	125,00
	1012/2017-1	
Note 14		(Amount in R
Other current assets:		
Other current assets: Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	the second s
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	632,541	As at March 31, 2020 731,03
Other current assets: Particulars Interest accrued on fixed deposits Income tax refund	632,541 1,482,139	731,03 2,281,17
Other current assets: Particulars: Interest accrued on fixed deposits Income tax refund GST credit claimable	632,541 1,482,139 422,198	731,03 2,281,17 337,98
Other current assets: Particulars: Interest accrued on fixed deposits Income tax refund	632,541 1,482,139	731,03



(A Company limited, by guarantee)		
Notes forming part of the financial statements		
Note 15	The state of the s	
Revenue from operations:		(Amount in Rs
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Professional fees	19,509,182	27,947,51
Total	19,509,182	27,947,51
Note 16	17,507,102	21,741,33
Other income:		(Amount in R
Particulars	and the second se	For the year ended
Interest income on Fixed Deposit	31, 2021	-March 31, 2020 2,132.03
Interest on IT refund	142,815	270,91
Grant income	1,500,000	
Miscellaneous income		341,30
Sublease rent	173,890	189,60
Total	3,827,400	2,933,85
Note 17		
Employee benefits expenses:		(Amount in R
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31,-2020
Salaries and wages	7,132,951	7,052,43
Gratuity (Refer Note 21)	78,912	108,81
Contribution to provident and other fund (Refer Note 21)	220,385	255,87
Staff welfare	168,759	415,17
Total	7,601,006	7,828,24
	7,001,000 [	3 (Main) 4 1
Note 18		there are to be
Finance cost:	For the year ended March	(Amount in Rs For the year ended
Particulars	31, 2021	March 31; 2020
Bank charges	58,738	16,09
interest expenses	204,602	
Total	263,340	16,05
Note 19		
Other expenses:		(Amount In R
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year encod March 31, 2020
Legal and professional	5,148,863	2,784,74
Rent (refer note 24)	6,221,220	6,883,92
Security charges	697,771	667,57
House keeping expenses	158,477	160,83
Office maintenance	680,302	627,13
Internet expenses	445,842	450,50
Payments to auditors Traveiling and conveyance	228,280	411,15
Rates and taxes	217,064	33,06
lasurance	16,705	18,28
Printing and stationery	137,343	225,97
Communication	4,600	5,40
Event expenses	30,305	24,10
Repair and maintenance	33,652	117,39
Website expenses	174,125	13,93 453,15
The second s	413,507	
Electricity expenses Miscellaneous expenditure	321 445	197.8
Electricity expenses Miscellaneous expenditure	321,445	192,81

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Jana Urban Space Foundation (India) (Registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013) (A Company limited by guarantee)

Notes forming part of the financial statements

# Note 9 - Property, plant and equipment

(Amount in ₹)

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		Gross Block		Accumulated Depreciation Net Black			Nach	
Particulars	Balance as at April 01, 2020	Additions	Depreciation for the year	Balance as at. March 31, 2021	Balance as at March 31, 2021	Balance as at Mirch 31, 2020		
Computers & Software	7,093,637	69,926	7,163,563	6,683,571	77,647	6,761,218	402,345	410,065
Furnitures & Fixtures	83,730	÷	83,730	66,208	4,291	70,499	13,231	17,522
Office Equipment	1,265,273		1,265,273	972,196	131,553	1,103,750	161,523	293,077
Total	8,442,640	59,926	8,512,566	7,721,975	213,492	7,935,467	577,099	720,665
Previous Year	8,335,506	107,134	8,442,640	7,303,265	418,710	7,721,975	720,665	- 1.5 - G

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(Registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013) (A Company limited by guarantee)

## Notes forming part of the Financial Statement

#### 20 Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for)

Particulars	March 31st, 2021	March 31st, 2020
(i) Contingent Liabilities		-
(ii) Commitments		

## 21 Employee benefits:

#### (i) Defined contribution plans

The Company makes Provident Fund and Employee State Insurance Scheme contributions which are defined contribution plans for qualifying employees. Under the Schemes, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits. The Company recognized Rs.2, 15, 2257-(previous year Rs.2, 49, 3507-) for Provident Fund contributions, and Rs.5, 1607-(Previous year Rs 6, 4737-) for Employee State Insurance Scheme contributions in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The contributions payable to these plans by the Company are at rates specified in the rules of the schemes.

#### (ii)Defined benefit plan:

Gratuity liability is unfunded. The assumptions considered in the actuarial valuation of gratuity payable to eligible employees are as follows:

Particulars	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Method of Acturial Valuation	Projected Unit Credit Method	Projected Unit Credit Method
Discount factor	6.90%	6.84%
Salary increase	6.00%	6.00%
Retirement age	60 years	60 years

The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Government of India securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.

The estimate of future salary increases is considered taking into account the inflation, seniorities, promotions, increments and other relevant factors such as supply and demand factors in the employment market.

Gratulty	FY 20-21	FY 19-20
Components of employer expense		
Current Service cost	68,564	90,003
Interest cost	14,895	19,976
Expected return on plan assets		
Curtailment cost/(credit)		
Settlement cost/(credit)		
Transitional Adjustment		*
Actuarial Losses/(Gains)	(4,547)	(1,163)
Total expense recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss	78,912	108,816
Actual Contribution and Benefits Payments for year ended 31 March 2021		
Actual benefit payments		
Actual Contributions		
Net asset/(liability) recognized in balance sheet as at March 31, 2021		
Present value of Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO)	(296,682)	(217,770)
Fair value of plan assets		
Funded status [Surplus/(Deficit)]	(296,682)	(217,770)
Unrecognized Past Service Costs		
Net asset/(liability) recognized in balance sheet	(296,682)	(217,770)

a Urban Space Foundation (India)		
istered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013) ompany limited by guarantee)		
bripany (inited by guarancee)		
es forming part of the Financial Statement		
Change in Defined Benefit Obligations during the year ended 31 March,	. 2021	
Present Value of DBO at beginning of year	217,770	256,42
Current Service cost	68,564	90,00
Interest cost	14,895	19,97
Curtailment cost/(credit)		
Settlement.cost/(credit)		1. 1. 1.
Plan amendments		
Acquisitions		
Actuarial (gains)/ losses	(4,547)	(1,16
Benefits paid		(147,47
Present Value of DBO at the end of year	296,682	217,77
Change in Fair Value of Assets during the year ended 31 March, 2021		1.
Plan assets at beginning of period		
Contributions made by employer		
Acquisition Adjustment		
Expected return on plan assets		
Actuarial Gain/(losses) on Plan assets		*
Benefits paid		
Plan assets at the end of year		*
Actuarial Assumptions for Gratuity	FY 20-21	FY 19-20
Discount Rate	6.90%	6.84%
Expected Return on plan assets	NA	NA
Attrition rate	NA	NA
Salary escalation	6.00%	6.00%
Mortality rate	NA	NA
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)
Experience Adjustment - Gratuity		
Particulars	FY 20-21	FY 19-20
Experience Adjustment of plan assets ((Gain) / Loss) Experience Adjustment of obligation ((Gain) / Loss)	(1,703)	(32,68
Net (asset)/liability recognized in balance sheet		the second second
Particulars	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Current		
Non-Current	296,682	217,7
Total	296,682	217,77

The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Government of India securities as at the Balance Sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.

The estimates of future salary increases considered in actuarial valuation take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand factors in the employment market.

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Jana Urban Space Foundation (India) (Registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013) (A Company limited by guarantee)

Notes forming part of the Financial Statement

22 Related party disclosures:

Related Party Relationships:

- (1) Key Management Personnel:
  - 1. Ms. Swathi Ramanathan Director
  - 2. Mr. Krishnan Koman Nayar- Director

#### (2) Entity where director has a significant influence:

- 1. Jana Small Finance Bank
- 2. Jana Urban Foundation
- 3. Janaadhar (India) Private Limited
- 4. Jana urban Space foundation( Trust )
- 5. Cross Domain Solutions Private Limited

# Nature and amount of transactions with related parties during the year:

Particulars	31st March 2021	31st March 2020	
1. Jana Small Finance Bank :			
Bank Balances	5,921,956	236,413	
Closing balance	5,921,956	236,413	
Opening Balance of Fixed deposits Add: New deposits made during the year Less: Deposits matured during the year	27,558,273 27,823,580 38,687,705	35,058,273 7,500,000	
Closing Balance of Fixed deposits	16,694,148	27,558,273	
Opening balance of Interest Accrued Interest accrued during the year Interest received during the year	731,032 632,541 731,032	72,063 733,103 74,134	
Balance receivable	632,541	731,032	
Services rendered during the year Opening balance receivable Services provided Amount received		1,180,000 6,000,000 7,180,000	
Balance receivable		•	
2. Jana Urban Foundation Services received during the year Opening balance payable Services received Amount paid	27,505 301,602 329,107	286,184 258,679	
Balance receivable		27,505	



a Urban Space Foundation (India)			
gistered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013)			
Company limited by guarantee)			
tes forming part of the Financial Statement			
Services rendered during the year			
Opening balance receivable		324,00	
Services provided	8,941,809	455,15	
Amount received	8,908,659	779,15	
Balance receivable	33,150		
Services received during the year			
Opening balance Payable			
Services received	43,391	11	
Amount Paid	43,391	2	
Balance payable			
4. Jana Urban Space Foundation ( Trust )			
Services rendered during the year			
Opening balance receivable Sublease rent for the year	477 000	(05.40	
Amount received	173,800 173,800	189,60 189,60	
Balance receivable		-	
Interest Payable for the year	204,602		
Interest Paid during the year	204,602		
Balance receivable			
5. Cross Domain Solutions Private Limited:			
Opening balance Payable			
Services received	218,148	219,60	
Amount Paid	218,148	219,60	
Balance Payable			

Note:

1) The above information has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company, which has been relied upon by the auditors.

# 23 Deferred tax asset/(Liability) (Net)

Particulars	31st March 2021	31st March 2020
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liabilities		
On difference between book balance and tax balance of fixed assets		
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liabilities		+
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets		
On difference between book balance and tax balance of fixed assets	149,996	204,452
Disallowances under Section 40(a)(i), 43B of Income Tax Act, 1961	7,852	3,011
Unabsorbed losses carried forward as per the Income Tax Act, 1961		
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets	157,848	207,463
Deferred tay (liabilities) / arrets (net)	157.848	207.46

Deferred tax (liabilities) / assets (net)



Jana Urban Space Foundation (India) (Registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013) (A Company limited by guarantee)

Notes forming part of the Financial Statement

- 24 Rental expenses of Rs 62,21,220/-(Previous year Rs,68,83,920/-) in respect of obligation under Operating Leases have been recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
- 25 There are no micro and small enterprises, to whom the company owes dues, which are outstanding as at the Balance Sheet date. The information regarding micro and small enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the company. This has been relied upon by the auditors.
- 26 The balances of trade payables, trade receivables, and short term loans & advances are subject to confirmations.
- 27 Figures have been rounded off to nearest rupee wherever necessary.
- 28 Provisions for all known liabilities are provided in the books of account and are adequate in the opinion of management.
- 29 Previous years figures have been regrouped/re-classified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year classification or disclosure.
- 30 In view of the pandemic relating to COVID -19, the company has considered and taken into account internal and external information and

has performed sensitivity analysis based on current estimates in assessing the recoverability of receivables, assets, impact on revenues

and costs, impact on business, including but not limited to the assessment of liquidity and going concern assumption. However, the actual impact of COVID-19 on the company's financial statements may differ from that estimated and the company will continue to closely monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

Signatures to Notes 1 to 30 2 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors asil Swati Ramanathan Krishnan Koman Nayar Director Director DIN:01747523 DIN:07403841 Place: Bangalore Date: 03-Nov-2021



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